The American Journal of Maternal/Child Nursing®

SPECIAL TOPICS SERIES:

Pregnancy and Childbirth during the COVID-19 **Pandemic**

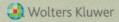
Unmet Prenatal Expectations

Experiences of Asian American Women

Postpartum Depressive Symptoms and **Experiences**

- Lavender Aromatherapy for Anxiety and Comfort After Cesarean Birth: RCT
- Acculturative Stress and **Postpartum Depressive** Symptoms among Immigrant Arab American Couples

Pregnancy and Parenting with Opioid Use Disorder





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feature articles

Unmet Prenatal Expectations During the COVID-19 Pandemic

Restrictions initiated by birthing hospitals and prenatal care providers significantly changed traditional routines for care during pregnancy to minimize risk of exposure to COVID-19 for pregnant women and their care givers. Many women attended prenatal visits alone and were unable to share the usual pregnancy milestones with their partners. In this study, women describe their unmet expectations for pregnancy in the context of these changes during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Deepika Goyal, PhD, RN, FNP-C, Liana De La Rosa, Leena Mittal, MD, Carmina Erdei, MD, Cindy H. Liu, PhD

71 Perinatal Experiences of Asian American Women During COVID-19

Asian American women shared their experiences of being pregnant and giving birth during the COVID-19 pandemic. Like other new mothers in the United States, Asian American mothers reported that perinatal care during the pandemic was stressful and difficult. They were disappointed and sad about the aspects of childbirth they felt they had missed and at times overwhelmed by the unexpected reality of parenting a newborn in isolation.

Deepika Goyal, PhD, RN, FNP-C, Meekyung Han, PhD, MSW, Talia Feldman-Schwartz, Huynh-Nhu Le, PhD

77 Postpartum Depressive Symptoms and Experiences During COVID-19

Women experienced more postpartum depressive symptoms while trying to navigate the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic than expected, based on prepandemic postpartum depression prevalence data. Seclusion and having minimal help with the new baby were noted to be very stressful for many new mothers. Some mothers expressed positive aspects of COVID-19 related postpartum isolation as being blessings in disguise and a silver lining because they were able to bond with the new baby and their partners while learning parenting together.

Deepika Goyal, PhD, RN, MS, FNP-C, Cheryl Tatano Beck, DNSc, CNM, FAAN, Rebecca Webb, PhD, Susan Ayers, PhD

Assess the Impact of Lavender on Anxiety and Comfort After Cesarean Birth and the Barriers Encountered

Aromatherapy can be an option for pain relief and comfort measures for women after cesarean birth. In this randomized controlled clinical trial, women were offered lavendar tablets or a placebo in the early hours after cesarean birth when they were admitted to the mother-baby unit. Women found the lavendar to be a comforting postcesarean intervention. These hospital-based nurse scientists share their experiences in conducting a randomized controlled clincal trial in a community hospital.

Adriane Burgess, PhD, RNC-OB, CCE, CNE, C-ONQS, Amy Harris, MSN, RNC-MNN, Julia Wheeling, MBA, RN, C-ONQS

92 Acculturative Stress and Postpartum Depressive Symptoms among Immigrant Arab American Couples

Approximately 3.5 million Arab Americans live in the United States, yet they are largely absent from health research on family mental health and infant outcomes, in part due to the classification of Arab Americans within the U.S. racial schema as "White" which makes them invisible as a minority group. In this study, immigrant Arab American couples are asked about their stress during postpartum and new parenting. Relationships between acculturative stress and postpartum depression are explored.

Dalia Khalil, PhD, RN, Carmen Giurgescu, PhD, RN, FAAN, Dawn P. Misra, MHS, PhD, Arash Javanbakht, MD, Thomas Templin, PhD, Elizabeth Jenuwine, MLIS, PhD

Health Care Experiences During Pregnancy and Parenting with an Opioid Use Disorder

Encounters with health care professionals and the health care system can be stressful for pregnant women and parenting women with an opioid use disorder. In this study, patients who had experienced pregnancy and postpartum while they had an opioid use disorder share their interactions with nurses and other health care professionals and their fears of the system. Based on these reports, the authors offer suggestions for enhancing nursing care for this vulnerable population.

Jane Kim, DNP, FNP-BC, Morgan Busse, DNP, FNP-BC, Ira Kantrowitz-Gordon, PhD, CNM, FACNM, Molly R. Altman, PhD, MPH, CNM

MCN

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ongoing columns

65 EDITORIAL

Facts, Fake News, and COVID-19

Social media is often a negative factor in patients having access to evidence-based facts about their health, such as the overwhelming benefits of COVID-19 vaccination for virtually all, including those who are considering pregnancy, are pregnant, lactating, or postpartum. Nurses continue to be the most trusted profession and have a vital role in sharing accurate information with patients about important preventative health treatments.

Annie J. Rohan, PhD, RN, FAANP, FAAN

107 HOT TOPICS IN MATERNITY NURSING We Must Prioritize Making Childbirth Safe and Equitable

Maternal mortality rates in the United States compare very unfavorably to peer countries. The United States has seen maternal mortality rates continue to rise, while other peer countries and developing countries have reported decreases. Our maternity nursing expert, Molly Killion, reports on recent evidence about maternal mortality in the United States and how nurses can promote improved maternity care for all those who give birth.

Molly M. Killion, MS, RN, CNS

Impact of Social Media on Adolescents

Recent evidence suggests social media can have a negative effect on adolescents. Whistle-blower testimony before the United States Congress in Fall 2021 emphasized the knowledge that social media companies have about these effects and their lack of action to make their platforms safer for adolescents. Our pediatric nursing expert, Dr. Beal, covers this controversy and how pediatric nurses can help parents promote better use of social media for their children.

Judy A. Beal, DNSc, RN, FAAN

109 BREASTFEEDING

2020 mPINC Scores: Opportunities for Improvement

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention surveys birthing hospitals in the United States every year about various aspects of their breastfeeding practices. Results from the Maternity Practice in Infant Nutrition and Care (mPINC) survey conducted in 2020 are now available. Our breastfeeding expert, Dr. Spatz, presents a summary of the results and offers suggestions on how nurse leaders in birthing hospitals can do better in aligning their practices with the evidence on interventions to ensure a robust milk supply and promote breastfeeding.

Diane L. Spatz, PhD, RN-BC, FAAN

110 GLOBAL HEALTH AND NURSING Adverse Effects of COVID-19 on Perinatal Outcomes Globally

The COVID-19 pandemic has adversely affected outcomes for childbearing women and their babies around the globe, especially in low resource, low-to-middle income countries. Our global health and nursing expert, Dr. Callister, reviews some of the most recently published articles on the impact of COVID-19 on this vulnerable population.

Lynn Clark Callister, PhD, RN, FAAN

112 TOWARD EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE

Experts suggest how 6 research articles can be used in nursing practice.

Coordinated by Annie Rohan, PhD, RN, NNP-BC, CPNP-BC, FAANP, FAAN

Comments by: Stephanie Abbu, DNP, RN, CNML, Samantha L. Bernstein, PhD, RNC-OB, IBCLC, Heidi V. Krowchuk, PhD, RN, FAAN

115 PERINATAL PATIENT SAFETY Nurse Staffing, Missed Care, and Risk of Patient Mortality

Perinatal patient safety depends on adequate nurse staffing. When nurses are working short-staffed, essential aspects of nursing care can be missed, which increases risk of adverse patient outcomes. Examples of risks of patient morbidity and mortality associated with missed nursing care are presented.

Kathleen Rice Simpson, PhD, RNC, CNS-BC, FAAN

MISSION STATEMENT

outpatient and home care settings.

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